## SILO Open LM: Training LMs on Siloed Datasets

## Sewon Min

sewonmin.com

Berkeley Ai2

### Presenting work with



### Weijia Shi, Akshita Bhagia, Kevin Farhat + Other collaborators at Ai2!



### • Data is very important

### • Data is very important

• Data is also secret

### 🔿 Meta

### The Llama 3 Herd of Models

Llama Team, Al @ Meta $^1$ 

 $^1\mathrm{A}$  detailed contributor list can be found in the appendix of this paper.

Modern artificial intelligence (AI) systems are powered by foundation models. This paper presents a new set of foundation models, called Llama 3. It is a herd of language models that natively support multilinguality, coding, reasoning, and tool usage. Our largest model is a dense Transformer with 405B parameters and a context window of up to 128K tokens. This paper presents an extensive empirical evaluation of Llama 3. We find that Llama 3 delivers comparable quality to leading language models such as GPT-4 on a plethora of tasks. We publicly release Llama 3, including pre-trained and post-trained versions of the 405B parameter language model and our Llama Guard 3 model for input and output safety. The paper also presents the results of experiments in which we integrate image, video, and speech capabilities into Llama 3 via a compositional approach. We observe this approach performs competitively with the state-of-the-art on image, video, and speech recognition tasks. The resulting models are not yet being broadly released as they are still under development.

Date: July 23, 2024 Website: https://llama.meta.com/ deepseek

**DeepSeek-V3** Technical Report

DeepSeek-AI

research@deepseek.com

### Abstract

We present DeepSeek-V3, a strong Mixture-of-Experts (MoE) language model with 671B total parameters with 37B activated for each token. To achieve efficient inference and cost-effective training, DeepSeek-V3 adopts Multi-head Latent Attention (MLA) and DeepSeekMoE architectures, which were thoroughly validated in DeepSeek-V2. Furthermore, DeepSeek-V3 pioneers an auxiliary-loss-free strategy for load balancing and sets a multi-token prediction training objective for stronger performance. We pre-train DeepSeek-V3 on 14.8 trillion diverse and high-quality tokens, followed by Supervised Fine-Tuning and Reinforcement Learning stages to fully harness its capabilities. Comprehensive evaluations reveal that DeepSeek-V3 outperforms other open-source models and achieves performance comparable to leading closed-source models. Despite its excellent performance, DeepSeek-V3 requires only 2.788M H800 GPU hours for its full training. In addition, its training process is remarkably stable. Throughout the entire training process, we did not experience any irrecoverable loss spikes or perform any rollbacks. The model checkpoints are available at https://github.com/deepseek-ai/DeepSeek-V3.

- Data is very important
- Data is also secret
- (Valuable) data is proprietary



### News, textbooks, educational contents, etc

- Data is very important
- Data is also secret
- (Valuable) data is proprietary
  Or, becoming proprietary, even when it used not to



### News, textbooks, educational contents, etc

## Reddit locks down its public data in new content policy, says use now requires a contract

## **Stack Overflow Will Charge Al Giants for Training Data**

The programmer Q&A site joins Reddit in demanding compensation when its data is used to train



Longpre et al. 2024. "Consent in Crisis: The Rapid Decline of the Al Data Commons"

### 1. Develop open-source training data that is publicly available



DCLM CLM Models + Dataset



togethercomputer/ **RedPajama-Data** 

## 1. Develop open-source training data that is publicly available



DCLM

2. Design new model architectures & training methods accommodating this data landscape



togethercomputer/ **RedPajama-Data** 

## 1. Develop open-source training data that is publicly available



**Generation** 

DCLM Models + I

2. Design new model architectures & training methods accommodating this data landscape



togethercomputer/ **RedPajama-Data** 

Today's talk!

So far, we have assumed the access to the data is binary -- either available, or not available

### Available

### Available



• Data should be stored in a very specific location, e.g., AWS, Google Cloud

### Available



 Data should be stored in a very specific location, e.g., AWS, Google Cloud

### Available

**Other Restrictions:** Data may become available at different times, may have expiration dates or owner might require opt-out.



 Data should be stored in a very specific location, e.g., AWS, Google Cloud

### Available

\*Data should be located in the same place, we can take a union and randomly shuffle the data, all data is available at the same time, all data is available forever (no expiration, no opt-out request), etc....

> **Other Restrictions:** Data may become available at different times, may have expiration dates or owner might require opt-out.



When we can't train on all datasets jointly, how can we train a general-purpose LM that still benefits from *siloed* datasets?

### COMMON CRAWL Public, shared

data



## Setup





















## Setup





























### Combined model

## Requirements

- Train in isolation
- model

• Train on isolated, distributed datasets (siloed datasets)

• Resulting model should be a public, general-purpose

Support data opt-out, free/cheap addition/removal

## Requirements

- Train on isolated, distributed datasets (siloed datasets)
- Train in isolation
- Resulting model should be a public, general-purpose model
- Support data opt-out, free/cheap addition/removal

Federated learning satisfies the first requirement but not others

### **COMMON** CRAWL

Public data





Public data





Code

Creative writings



Papers











Public data

← Actual proprietary data (Can't publicly acquire as of now)





### **COMMON** CRAWL

Public data

← Simulated proprietary data (Realistic domains)

How to design models?

## Related existing methods

Task fine-tuning

Pre-training

## Related existing methods

Task fine-tuning

 Setup was explored, methods are not applicable



Yadav & Raffel et al. 2024. "A Survey on Model MoErging: Recycling and Routing Among Specialized Experts for Collaborative Learning" Buehler & Buehler, 2024. "X-LoRA: Mixture of Low-Rank Adapter Experts, a Flexible Framework for Large Language Models ..." Jang et al. 2023. "Exploring the benefits of training expert language models over instruction tuning" Belofsky. 2023. "Token-level adaptation of lora adapters for downstream task generalization"

Pre-training

# Related existing methods

Task fine-tuning

 Setup was explored, methods are not applicable



Yadav & Raffel et al. 2024. "A Survey on Model MoErging: Recycling and Routing Among Specialized Experts for Collaborative Learning" Buehler & Buehler, 2024. "X-LoRA: Mixture of Low-Rank Adapter Experts, a Flexible Framework for Large Language Models ..." Jang et al. 2023. "Exploring the benefits of training expert language models over instruction tuning" Belofsky. 2023. "Token-level adaptation of lora adapters for downstream task generalization"

Pre-training

- Setup was underexplored
- Model merging for boosting performance or for specialization has been explored (next slides)

# Existing approach I:Weight merging/ensembling

How to merge *n* different LMs,  $W_0, W_1, \dots, W_{n-1}$ , to boost performance?

Li et al. 2022. "Branch-Train-Merge: Embarrassingly Parallel Training of Expert Language Models" Gururangan et al. 2023. "Scaling Expert Language Models with Unsupervised Domain Discovery"

# Existing approach I:Weight merging/ensembling

How to merge *n* different LMs,  $W_0, W_1, \dots, W_{n-1}$ , to boost performance?

Weight merging

		5

Li et al. 2022. "Branch-Train-Merge: Embarrassingly Parallel Training of Expert Language Models" Gururangan et al. 2023. "Scaling Expert Language Models with Unsupervised Domain Discovery"

$$y = f(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} w_i, x)$$

# Existing approach I:Weight merging/ensembling

How to merge *n* different LMs,  $W_0, W_1, \dots, W_{n-1}$ , to boost performance?





Li et al. 2022. "Branch-Train-Merge: Embarrassingly Parallel Training of Expert Language Models" Gururangan et al. 2023. "Scaling Expert Language Models with Unsupervised Domain Discovery"

$$y = f(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} w_i, x)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} f(w_i, x)$$
# Existing approach I:Weight merging/ensembling

How to merge *n* different LMs,  $W_0, W_1, \dots, W_{n-1}$ , to boost performance?



Common approaches for boosting performance at the last stage of pre-training (with slightly different data mixes) or for specialization (by dividing public data into several domain categories)

Li et al. 2022. "Branch-Train-Merge: Embarrassingly Parallel Training of Expert Language Models" Gururangan et al. 2023. "Scaling Expert Language Models with Unsupervised Domain Discovery"

$$= f(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} w_i, x)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} f(w_i, x)$$

How to merge *n* different LMs,  $W_0, W_1, \dots, W_{n-1}$ , to boost performance?























Sukhbaatar et al. 2024. "Branch-Train-MiX: Mixing Expert LLMs into a Mixture-of-Experts LLM" Gritsch et al. 2024. "Nexus: Specialization meets Adaptability for Efficiently Training Mixture of Experts" Schafhalter et al. 2024. "Scalable Multi-Domain Adaptation of Language Models using Modular Experts"



- The architecture is exactly the same as the standard MoE
- Requires training on all datasets after merging

)

































































### Applying to our setup

training on all datasets jointly after merging)



### Public







1







ł

11







: Frozen



• Works OK even without router training after merging • However, errors still come from suboptimal router decisions



Q: Can we find a subset of public data that looks like each siloed data? e.g., a subset of Common Crawl that looks like textbooks?

Textbooks





Q: Can we find a subset of public data that looks like each siloed data? e.g., a subset of Common Crawl that looks like textbooks?

Textbooks















Experiments

### Experimental setup

### • 7B parameters

- Hidden dimension: 4096
- Attention heads: 32
- Batch size: 1024
- Sequence length: 4096
- Peak learning rate: 9e-4
- LR warmup 2000 steps
- Learning rate schedule: Cosine decay until 5T tokens, truncated at 1B, then annealed



Task	Public model	
Core 9	68.4	*ARC easy, ARC challenge, Boo
MMLU Biology	63.0	
MMLU CS	52.2	
MMLU Economics	45.7	
MMLU Engineering	46.0	
MMLU Health	59.5	
MMLU Physics	45.8	
MMLU Politics	73.0	
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	
AGI Eval	39.0	
Big Bench Hard	35.6	
GSM8K	12.0	
MATH	4.3	
Four coding tasks	1.0	*HumanEval, HumanEval Plus, N
AVERAGE	41.3	

olQ, CSQA, Hellaswag, OpenbookQA, PIQA, SIQA, WG

MBPP, MBPP Plus

Task	Public model	Textbooks Expert
Core 9	68.4	63.0
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0
GSM8K	12.0	20.0
MATH	4.3	6.3
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8

Task	Public model	Textbooks Expert
Core 9	68.4	63.0
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0
GSM8K	12.0	20.0
MATH	4.3	6.3
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8

Task	Public model Expert		Math Expert
Core 9	68.4	68.4 63.0	
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5	52.5
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0	53.7
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3	46.0
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0	62.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8	44.3
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2	47.7
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5	62.5
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0	45.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0	15.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6	40.7
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0	45.4
GSM8K	12.0	20.0	68.0
MATH	4.3	6.3	32.9
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3	18.1
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8	46.5

Task	Public model Expert		Math Expert
Core 9	68.4	68.4 63.0	
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5	52.5
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0	53.7
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3	46.0
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0	62.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8	44.3
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2	47.7
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5	62.5
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0	45.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0	15.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6	40.7
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0	45.4
GSM8K	12.0	20.0	68.0
MATH	4.3	6.3	32.9
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3	18.1
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8	46.5

Task	Public model	Textbooks Expert	Math Expert	Code Expert		
Core 9	68.4	63.0	63.8	38.7		
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5	52.5	31.0		
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0	53.7	36.7		
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3	46.0	26.7		
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0	62.0	33.0		
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8	44.3	30.7		
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2	47.7	26.2		
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5	62.5	32.0		
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0	45.0	34.0		
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0	15.0	10.0		
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6	40.7	29.0		
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0	45.4	38.2		
GSM8K	12.0	20.0	68.0	9.0		
MATH	4.3	6.3	32.9	3.0		
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3	18.1	22.4		
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8	46.5	26.7		
Task	Public model	Textbooks Expert	Math Expert	Code Expert	Weight merging ++	Ensem- bling++
----------------------	-----------------	---------------------	----------------	----------------	-------------------------	-------------------
Core 9	68.4	63.0	63.8	38.7	70.6	69.0
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5	52.5	31.0	60.0	67.5
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0	53.7	36.7	53.8	54.7
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3	46.0	26.7	47.0	52.7
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0	62.0	33.0	56.0	57.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8	44.3	30.7	54.4	62.4
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2	47.7	26.2	47.3	52.5
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5	62.5	32.0	70.2	71.8
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0	45.0	34.0	57.0	56.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0	15.0	10.0	24.0	17.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6	40.7	29.0	41.4	43.6
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0	45.4	38.2	42.4	43.2
GSM8K	12.0	20.0	68.0	9.0	29.0	12.0
MATH	4.3	6.3	32.9	3.0	6.1	32.9
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3	18.1	22.4	8.2	23.6
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8	46.5	26.7	44.5	47.7

Task	Public model	Textbooks Expert	Math Expert	Code Expert	Ensem- bling++
Core 9	68.4	63.0	63.8	38.7	69.0
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5	52.5	31.0	67.5
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0	53.7	36.7	54.7
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3	46.0	26.7	52.7
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0	62.0	33.0	57.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8	44.3	30.7	62.4
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2	47.7	26.2	52.5
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5	62.5	32.0	71.8
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0	45.0	34.0	56.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0	15.0	10.0	17.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6	40.7	29.0	43.6
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0	45.4	38.2	43.2
GSM8K	12.0	20.0	68.0	9.0	12.0
MATH	4.3	6.3	32.9	3.0	32.9
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3	18.1	22.4	23.6
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8	46.5	26.7	47.7

Task	Public model	Textbooks Expert	Math Expert	Code Expert	Ensem- bling++	BTX, router trained on shared data
Core 9	68.4	63.0	63.8	38.7	69.0	69.6
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5	52.5	31.0	67.5	67.0
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0	53.7	36.7	54.7	55.2
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3	46.0	26.7	52.7	48.0
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0	62.0	33.0	57.0	50.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8	44.3	30.7	62.4	56.1
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2	47.7	26.2	52.5	50.2
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5	62.5	32.0	71.8	70.8
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0	45.0	34.0	56.0	57.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0	15.0	10.0	17.0	22.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6	40.7	29.0	43.6	43.1
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0	45.4	38.2	43.2	41.3
GSM8K	12.0	20.0	68.0	9.0	12.0	27.0
MATH	4.3	6.3	32.9	3.0	32.9	6.7
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3	18.1	22.4	23.6	6.4
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8	46.5	26.7	47.7	44.7

Task	Public model	Textbooks Expert	Math Expert	Code Expert	Ensem- bling++	BTX, router trained on shared data	BTX++, router trained on shared data
Core 9	68.4	63.0	63.8	38.7	69.0	69.6	69.4
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5	52.5	31.0	67.5	67.0	65.5
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0	53.7	36.7	54.7	55.2	54.8
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3	46.0	26.7	52.7	48.0	48.7
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0	62.0	33.0	57.0	50.0	48.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8	44.3	30.7	62.4	56.1	61.1
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2	47.7	26.2	52.5	50.2	50.0
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5	62.5	32.0	71.8	70.8	74.0
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0	45.0	34.0	56.0	57.0	62.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0	15.0	10.0	17.0	22.0	24.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6	40.7	29.0	43.6	43.1	41.4
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0	45.4	38.2	43.2	41.3	42.8
GSM8K	12.0	20.0	68.0	9.0	12.0	27.0	38.0
MATH	4.3	6.3	32.9	3.0	32.9	6.7	21.6
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3	18.1	22.4	23.6	6.4	3.9
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8	46.5	26.7	47.7	44.7	47.0

Task	Public model	Textbooks Expert	Math Expert	Code Expert	Ensem- bling++	BTX, router trained on shared data	BTX++, router trained on shared data	Ours (no router training)
Core 9	68.4	63.0	63.8	38.7	69.0	69.6	69.4	70.0
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5	52.5	31.0	67.5	67.0	65.5	64.0
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0	53.7	36.7	54.7	55.2	54.8	55.5
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3	46.0	26.7	52.7	48.0	48.7	48.0
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0	62.0	33.0	57.0	50.0	48.0	55.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8	44.3	30.7	62.4	56.1	61.1	55.6
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2	47.7	26.2	52.5	50.2	50.0	51.0
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5	62.5	32.0	71.8	70.8	74.0	69.5
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0	45.0	34.0	56.0	57.0	62.0	54.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0	15.0	10.0	17.0	22.0	24.0	24.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6	40.7	29.0	43.6	43.1	41.4	41.1
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0	45.4	38.2	43.2	41.3	42.8	44.9
GSM8K	12.0	20.0	68.0	9.0	12.0	27.0	38.0	65.0
MATH	4.3	6.3	32.9	3.0	32.9	6.7	21.6	24.9
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3	18.1	22.4	23.6	6.4	3.9	16.6
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8	46.5	26.7	47.7	44.7	47.0	49.3

Task	Public model	Textbooks Expert	Math Expert	Code Expert	Ensem- bling++	BTX, router trained on shared data	BTX++, router trained on shared data	Ours (no router training)	Ours (router trained on proxy data)
Core 9	68.4	63.0	63.8	38.7	69.0	69.6	69.4	70.0	72.1
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5	52.5	31.0	67.5	67.0	65.5	64.0	67.5
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0	53.7	36.7	54.7	55.2	54.8	55.5	60.0
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3	46.0	26.7	52.7	48.0	48.7	48.0	55.7
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0	62.0	33.0	57.0	50.0	48.0	55.0	62.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8	44.3	30.7	62.4	56.1	61.1	55.6	62.6
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2	47.7	26.2	52.5	50.2	50.0	51.0	53.2
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5	62.5	32.0	71.8	70.8	74.0	69.5	74.2
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0	45.0	34.0	56.0	57.0	62.0	54.0	63.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0	15.0	10.0	17.0	22.0	24.0	24.0	26.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6	40.7	29.0	43.6	43.1	41.4	41.1	46.1
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0	45.4	38.2	43.2	41.3	42.8	44.9	47.4
GSM8K	12.0	20.0	68.0	9.0	12.0	27.0	38.0	65.0	63.0
MATH	4.3	6.3	32.9	3.0	32.9	6.7	21.6	24.9	24.1
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3	18.1	22.4	23.6	6.4	3.9	16.6	10.3
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8	46.5	26.7	47.7	44.7	47.0	49.3	52.5

Task	Public model	Textbooks Expert	Math Expert	Code Expert	Ensem- bling++	BTX, router trained on shared data	BTX++, router trained on shared data	Ours (no router training)	Ours (router trained on proxy data)
Core 9	68.4	63.0	63.8	38.7	69.0	69.6	69.4	70.0	72.1
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5	52.5	31.0	67.5	67.0	65.5	64.0	67.5
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0	53.7	36.7	54.7	55.2	54.8	55.5	60.0
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3	46.0	26.7	52.7	48.0	48.7	48.0	55.7
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0	62.0	33.0	57.0	50.0	48.0	55.0	62.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8	44.3	30.7	62.4	56.1	61.1	55.6	62.6
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2	47.7	26.2	52.5	50.2	50.0	51.0	53.2
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5	62.5	32.0	71.8	70.8	74.0	69.5	74.2
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0	45.0	34.0	56.0	57.0	62.0	54.0	63.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0	15.0	10.0	17.0	22.0	24.0	24.0	26.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6	40.7	29.0	43.6	43.1	41.4	41.1	46.1
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0	45.4	38.2	43.2	41.3	42.8	44.9	47.4
GSM8K	12.0	20.0	68.0	9.0	12.0	27.0	38.0	65.0	63.0
MATH	4.3	6.3	32.9	3.0	32.9	6.7	21.6	24.9	24.1
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3	18.1	22.4	23.6	6.4	3.9	16.6	10.3
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8	46.5	26.7	47.7	44.7	47.0	49.3	52.5
								(+20%)	(+27%)

## Largest gains on benchmarks benefiting from new data sources 😀

Task	Public model	Textbooks Expert	Math Expert	Code Expert	Ensem- bling++	BTX, router trained on shared data	BTX++, router trained on shared data	Ours (no router training)	Ours (router trained on proxy data)
Core 9	68.4	63.0	63.8	38.7	69.0	69.6	69.4	70.0	72.1
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5	52.5	31.0	67.5	67.0	65.5	64.0	67.5
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0	53.7	36.7	54.7	55.2	54.8	55.5	60.0
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3	46.0	26.7	52.7	48.0	48.7	48.0	55.7
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0	62.0	33.0	57.0	50.0	48.0	55.0	62.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8	44.3	30.7	62.4	56.1	61.1	55.6	62.6
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2	47.7	26.2	52.5	50.2	50.0	51.0	53.2
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5	62.5	32.0	71.8	70.8	74.0	69.5	74.2
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0	45.0	34.0	56.0	57.0	62.0	54.0	63.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0	15.0	10.0	17.0	22.0	24.0	24.0	26.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6	40.7	29.0	43.6	43.1	41.4	41.1	46.1
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0	45.4	38.2	43.2	41.3	42.8	44.9	47.4
GSM8K	12.0	20.0	68.0	9.0	12.0	27.0	38.0	65.0	63.0
MATH	4.3	6.3	32.9	3.0	32.9	6.7	21.6	24.9	24.1
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3	18.1	22.4	23.6	6.4	3.9	16.6	10.3
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8	46.5	26.7	47.7	44.7	47.0	49.3	52.5
								(+20%)	(+27%)

## Significant gains even on benchmarks with no single data source helped 😀

Task	Public model	Textbooks Expert	Math Expert	Code Expert	Ensem- bling++	BTX, router trained on shared data	BTX++, router trained on shared data	Ours (no router training)	Ours (router trained on proxy data)
Core 9	68.4	63.0	63.8	38.7	69.0	69.6	69.4	70.0	72.1
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5	52.5	31.0	67.5	67.0	65.5	64.0	67.5
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0	53.7	36.7	54.7	55.2	54.8	55.5	60.0
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3	46.0	26.7	52.7	48.0	48.7	48.0	55.7
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0	62.0	33.0	57.0	50.0	48.0	55.0	62.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8	44.3	30.7	62.4	56.1	61.1	55.6	62.6
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2	47.7	26.2	52.5	50.2	50.0	51.0	53.2
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5	62.5	32.0	71.8	70.8	74.0	69.5	74.2
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0	45.0	34.0	56.0	57.0	62.0	54.0	63.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0	15.0	10.0	17.0	22.0	24.0	24.0	26.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6	40.7	29.0	43.6	43.1	41.4	41.1	46.1
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0	45.4	38.2	43.2	41.3	42.8	44.9	47.4
GSM8K	12.0	20.0	68.0	9.0	12.0	27.0	38.0	65.0	63.0
MATH	4.3	6.3	32.9	3.0	32.9	6.7	21.6	24.9	24.1
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3	18.1	22.4	23.6	6.4	3.9	16.6	10.3
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8	46.5	26.7	47.7	44.7	47.0	49.3	52.5
								(+20%)	(+27%)



## Specialized tasks: Better than prev public model, lags behind specialized experts 🕃

Task	Public model	Textbooks Expert	Math Expert	Code Expert	Ensem- bling++	BTX, router trained on shared data	BTX++, router trained on shared data	Ours (no router training)	Ours (router trained on proxy data)
Core 9	68.4	63.0	63.8	38.7	69.0	69.6	69.4	70.0	72.1
MMLU Biology	63.0	66.5	52.5	31.0	67.5	67.0	65.5	64.0	67.5
MMLU CS	52.2	55.0	53.7	36.7	54.7	55.2	54.8	55.5	60.0
MMLU Economics	45.7	49.3	46.0	26.7	52.7	48.0	48.7	48.0	55.7
MMLU Engineering	46.0	51.0	62.0	33.0	57.0	50.0	48.0	55.0	62.0
MMLU Health	59.5	59.8	44.3	30.7	62.4	56.1	61.1	55.6	62.6
MMLU Physics	45.8	49.2	47.7	26.2	52.5	50.2	50.0	51.0	53.2
MMLU Politics	73.0	67.5	62.5	32.0	71.8	70.8	74.0	69.5	74.2
MMLU Pro Biology	56.0	54.0	45.0	34.0	56.0	57.0	62.0	54.0	63.0
MMLU Pro Engineering	18.0	17.0	15.0	10.0	17.0	22.0	24.0	24.0	26.0
AGI Eval	39.0	39.6	40.7	29.0	43.6	43.1	41.4	41.1	46.1
Big Bench Hard	35.6	40.0	45.4	38.2	43.2	41.3	42.8	44.9	47.4
GSM8K	12.0	20.0	68.0	9.0	12.0	27.0	38.0	65.0	63.0
MATH	4.3	6.3	32.9	3.0	32.9	6.7	21.6	24.9	24.1
Four coding tasks	1.0	4.3	18.1	22.4	23.6	6.4	3.9	16.6	10.3
AVERAGE	41.3	42.8	46.5	26.7	47.7	44.7	47.0	49.3	52.5
								(+20%)	(+27%)



# Summary

# Summary

## Goal

To make use of data with restrictions

- Siloed datasets
- Train in isolation
- Resulting model should be a public, generalpurpose model

## Goal

To make use of data with restrictions

- Siloed datasets
- Train in isolation
- Resulting model should be a public, generalpurpose model

## Method

- + Two key ideas
- MoE-aware siloed training
- Obtaining proxy data for router training

# Summary

- Started with (variants of)
- existing approaches

## Goal

To make use of data with restrictions

- Siloed datasets
- Train in isolation
- Resulting model should be a public, generalpurpose model

## Method

- + Two key ideas
- MoE-aware siloed training
- Obtaining proxy data for router training

# Summary

- Started with (variants of)
- existing approaches

## Results

On real proprietary or simulated proprietary data in realistic domains

- 27% relative gain over the prev public model
- 20% relative gain even without router training

- 1. Can a combined model beat specialized experts in specialized tasks?
- (Nonparametric router)
- 2. Fine-grained data & scaling # of number of datasets 3. Can we completely remove router training?

# Open problems

- 1. Can a combined model beat specialized experts in specialized tasks?
- (Nonparametric router)
- 2. Fine-grained data & scaling # of number of datasets 3. Can we completely remove router training?

# Open problems

## This may end up looking like a retrieval model

# Thank you for listening!

sewonmin.com

Please leave feedback at <u>tinyurl.com/sewonm-talk</u>

